

## IRVINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **ANNUAL PARENT/GUARDIAN/STUDENT NOTIFICATION 2019-2020**

#### Dear Parent/Guardian:

California Education Code section 48980 requires that; at the beginning of the first semester or quarter of the regular school term, the governing board of each school district must notify parents/guardians of their rights or responsibilities under certain provisions of the Education Code. Other provisions of California and United States law also require notification of parents/guardians.

Education Code section 48982 requires that acknowledgement of this notice be signed by the parent/guardian which is performed by physically or electronically signing the parent acknowledgement notice as an acknowledgement that you have received the notice as part of the IUSD data confirmation process and have been informed of your rights, but the signature does not indicate that consent to participate in any particular program has been either given or withheld.

California and federal law requires certain other notices in the event that specific circumstances should arise, affecting your child's education and attendance at school. If any such circumstances should arise, the District will provide notice as required by law.

#### **KEY TO LEGAL REFERENCES:**

B & PC - Business and Professions Code, CCR - California Code of Regulations, CFR - Code of Federal Regulations, EC -Education Code, FERPA - Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, H&SC-Health & Safety Code, IDEA-Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, LC-Labor Code, ESSA-Every Student Succeeds Act, PC – Penal Code, USC-United States Code, W&IC-Welfare & Institutions Code.

#### **PUPIL DISCIPLINE**

RULES PERTAINING TO PUPIL DISCIPLINE (EC §§35291, 48980): The District Governing Board has prescribed rules for the government and discipline of the schools under the Board's jurisdiction. Rules pertaining to pupil discipline are available with the school principal.

**DUTY CONCERNING CONDUCT OF PUPILS (EC §44807):** Every District teacher has a responsibility to hold pupils to a strict account for their conduct on the way to and from school, on the playgrounds, or during recess.

**DUTIES OF PUPILS (EC §48908, 5 CCR §300):** Every pupil must attend punctually and regularly, conform to the regulations of the school, obey promptly all the directions of his/her teacher and others in authority, observe good order and propriety of deportment, be diligent in study, be respectful to his/her teacher and others in authority, be kind and courteous to schoolmates, and refrain entirely from the use of profane and vulgar language.

DRESS CODE (EC §§35183, 35183.5, 51101): The District Governing Board has approved a dress code policy adopted by your child's school. A copy of the dress code is available at the Principal's office.

ATTENDANCE OF SUSPENDED CHILD'S PARENT/GUARDIAN (EC §48900.1, LC §230.7): The District Governing Board has adopted a policy authorizing teachers to require the parent/guardian of a pupil who has been suspended by a teacher, to attend a portion of a school day in the child's classroom. No employer may dismiss or in any manner discriminate against an employee for taking time off from work to comply with this requirement.

CIVILITY POLICY (EC §44050): A written copy of the district's section on employee interactions with pupils in its code of conduct is attached to this notice. Please refer to Attachment #1.

#### **PUPIL RECORDS**

#### RIGHTS OF PARENTS/GUARDIANS (EC §49063 et seq.):

Types of Pupil Records: A pupil record is any item of information directly related to an identifiable pupil, other than directory information, which is maintained by the District or required to be maintained by a District

- employee in the performance of his/her duties, whether recorded by handwriting, print, tapes, film, microfilm or other means. Pupil records include a pupil's health record. The District will not release information to third parties for immigration purposes, except as required by law or court order.
- <u>Responsible Officials</u>: Your child's Principal is responsible for the maintenance of pupil records located at your child's school. For pupil records maintained at the District office, the responsible official is the Coordinator of Student Services.
- Location of Log/Record: The law requires that a log or record be maintained for each pupil's record which lists
  all persons, agencies, or organizations requesting or receiving information from the record and the legitimate
  interests therefore. For records maintained at your child's school, the log is located in the Principal's office. For
  records maintained at the District office, the log is located in the Student Services office or Special Education
  office.
- School Officials and Employees/Legitimate Educational Interests: School officials and employees who are authorized to review pupil records are school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is a person employed by the District as an administrator, supervisor, certificated employee, or support staff member (including, but not limited to, paraeducator, health or medical staff and school law enforcement personnel); a person serving on the school board; a person or company with whom the District has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, educational consultant or therapist); an agency caseworker of a state or local child welfare agency that has legal responsibility for the care and protection of a pupil, other public agencies providing services to pupils, as well as employees of other public schools or school systems where educational programs leading to high school graduation are provided or where a District pupil intends to or is directed to enroll; a minor's counsel of record. Access to pupil records is permitted only for records that are relevant to the legitimate educational interests of the requester. Unless the District is providing information for a legitimate educational purpose under FERPA and the California Education Code or directory information, the District shall notify parents or guardians and eligible students and receive their written consent—before it releases a student's personally identifiable information. Legitimate educational interests are described in California Education Code section 49076 and in District Board Policy 5125.
- Right of Access and Review/Expungement: You have an absolute right to access to any and all pupil records related to your child, which are maintained by the District. A homeless child or youth or an unaccompanied youth who is 14 years of age or older may access his/her pupil records. If you wish to review records located at your child's school, please contact the Principal's office, or submit a written request that identifies the record(s) you wish to inspect. If you wish to review records located at the District office, please contact the Coordinator of Student Services. The Principal or District office has five (5) business days from the day of the receipt of a request to provide access to the records. Upon satisfactory completion of the rehabilitation assignment of a pupil whose expulsion has been suspended by the District Governing Board, the Board may order the expungement of any or all records of the expulsion proceedings. If the Orange County Board of Education enters an order reversing the decision of the District Governing Board to expel a pupil, the County Board may direct the District Governing Board to expunge the record of the pupil and records of the District of any references to the expulsion action. When you submit a written revocation of consent after the initial provision of special education and related services for your child, the District is not required to amend the education records of your child to remove any reference to your child's receipt of special education and services.
- Challenging the Content of Records: You have the right to challenge the content of any pupil record by filing a written request with the District Superintendent to correct or remove any information recorded in the written records concerning your child which you allege to be any of the following: (1) inaccurate, (2) an unsubstantiated personal conclusion or inference, (3) a conclusion or inference outside the observer's area of competence, (4) not based on the personal observation of a named person with the time and place of the observation noted, (5) misleading, or (6) in violation of the privacy or other rights of the pupil.
- Copying Costs: You may receive copies of your child's pupil records, at a cost of .20 cents per page.
- <u>Transfer of Records</u>: The District is required to transfer a copy of your child's permanent pupil records within 10 schooldays to the school your child intends to enroll.
- <u>Complaints</u>: You have the right to file a complaint with the United States Department of Education, concerning an alleged failure by the District to comply with the provisions of the United States Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (20 USC §1232g).
- <u>Prospectus of School Curriculum</u>: The curriculum for your child's school is compiled at least once annually in a prospectus which is available at the Principal's office.
- <u>Statement or Response to Disciplinary Actions</u>: Whenever information is included in a pupil record concerning any disciplinary action taken in connection with your child, you have the right to include a written statement or response concerning the disciplinary action in your child's pupil record.
- <u>Destruction of Pupil Records</u>: The Governing Board of the District is required to retain indefinitely the original or an exact copy of mandatory permanent pupil records (Class 1 - Permanent Records) which schools have been directed to compile by California regulations; maintain for stipulated periods of time mandatory interim pupil records (Class 2 - Optional Records) until the information is no longer needed to provide educational services to a child and are retained until reclassified as Class 3 - Disposable Records, and then destroyed as per California

regulations (5 CCR 432). Prior to destroying pupil records of a child who has received special education services, the IDEA requires parental notification when the District decides that personally identifiable information is no longer needed to provide educational services to a child. Once parents/guardians have been notified that personally identifiable information is no longer needed, they have the option of requesting access to and/or copies of pupil records prior to destruction, and to request that pupil records be destroyed, unless the District determines that the information could be needed to provide educational services in the future or is needed for auditing purposes (34 CFR 300.624, 5 CCR 16026). Unless classified as permanent records, all other pupil records are destroyed five years after the information is no longer needed to provide educational services (5 CCR 16027).

RELEASE OF DIRECTORY INFORMATION (EC \$49073): The District may designate one or more the following items as "Directory Information": pupil's name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, date of birth, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, degrees and awards received, and the most recent previous public or private school attended by the pupil. The District has determined that the following individuals, officials, or organizations may receive directory information: federal, state, and local government agencies, and the military forces of the United States. Directory information may also be disclosed to outside organizations without your prior written consent. Outside organizations include, but are not limited to, companies that manufacture class rings or publish yearbooks; a playbill, showing your pupil's role in a drama production; Honor roll or other recognition lists; graduation programs and sports activity sheets. However, no information may be released to a private profit making entity other than employers, prospective employers and representatives of the news media, including, but not limited to, newspapers, magazines, and radio and television stations. The names and addresses of pupils enrolled in grade 12 or who have terminated enrollment prior to graduation may be provided to a private school or college. No directory information regarding your child may be released if you notify the District that the information shall not be released. Please submit a written notice to the Principal of your child's school if you wish to deny access to directory information concerning your child. Release of directory information of a homeless child or youth is prohibited unless a parent or eligible pupil has given written consent that such information may be released.

FAMILY EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT ("FERPA" 20 USC §1232g): United States law set forth in FERPA grants parents certain rights with respect to their student's records. Please refer to Attachment #2 for Model FERPA Notice.

RELEASE OF INFORMATION TO MILITARY RECRUITERS (20 USC §7908): United States law requires school districts to provide, on a request made by military recruiters or an institution of higher education, access to secondary school students' names, addresses and telephone listings. However, you have the right to request that your child's name, address, and telephone listing shall not be released without your prior written consent. Please submit a written notice to your child's school Principal if you wish to deny access to this information.

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

HEALTH SCREENING AND EVALUATION SERVICES (H&SC §124085): Within 90 days after your child's entrance into first grade, you must provide a certificate documenting that within the prior 18 months your child has received appropriate health screening and evaluation services, including a physical examination. These services are available from the Orange County Public Health Department. In lieu of the certificate, you may submit a signed waiver indicating that you do not want or are unable to obtain the health screening and evaluation services for your child. If the waiver indicates that you were unable to obtain the services, then the reasons why should be included in the waiver.

REFUSAL TO CONSENT TO PHYSICAL EXAMINATION (EC §§49451, 48980): You may file a written statement with the Principal of your child's school, stating that you will not consent to a physical examination of your child. However, whenever there is good reason to believe that the child is suffering from a recognized contagious or infectious disease, the child shall be sent home and shall not be permitted to return until school authorities are satisfied that any contagious or infectious disease does not exist.

<u>PUPIL SUICIDE PREVENTION HOTLINE</u> (EC §§215.5, 48980): The telephone number to reach the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline (1-800-273-8255) is printed on the back of student identification cards.

<u>PUPIL MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES</u> (EC §§49428, 48980): Information on how to initiate access to available mental health services on campus or in the community, or both, is available on the school's website and the student handbook.

Mental Health/Wellness Services and Resources: The District provides school-based mental health/wellness services and resources (<a href="www.iusd.org/WeCare">www.iusd.org/WeCare</a> or <a href="www.iusd.org/department/mental-health-wellness">www.iusd.org/department/mental-health-wellness</a>) to students and families. These services include short-term individual or group counseling for students at the school site; short-term, solution-focused therapy for students and families through the Irvine Family Resource Center; and resource linkages to community-based mental health or social services for students and families. Services are provided by counselors or licensed mental health

professionals.

CONTINUED MEDICATION REGIMEN FOR NONEPISODIC CONDITION (EC §49480): If your child is on a continuing medication regimen for a nonepisodic condition, you are required to inform the school nurse or other designated certificated school employee of: (1) the medication being taken, (2) the current dosage, and (3) the name of the supervising physician. With your consent, the school nurse may communicate with your child's physician and may counsel with school personnel regarding the possible effects of the drug on your child's physical, intellectual, and social behavior, as well as possible behavioral signs and symptoms of adverse side effects, omission, or overdose. To obtain a Request for Medication Administration, please contact your child's school health office.

<u>ADMINISTRATION OF IMMUNIZING AGENTS</u> (EC §§49403, 48980): The District Governing Board may permit any person licensed as a physician and surgeon, any person licensed as a registered nurse, or other licensed healthcare practitioners acting under the direction of a supervising physician and surgeon, to administer an immunizing agent to a pupil. You have the right to consent in writing to the administration of an immunizing agent to your child.

ADMINISTRATION OF PRESCRIBED MEDICATION (EC §§49423, 48980): If your child is required to take prescription medication during the regular school day, you may request assistance for your child by the school nurse or other designated school personnel. If you wish such assistance, you must provide both a written statement from the physician and surgeon or physician assistant detailing the name of the medication, method, amount, and time schedules by which the medication is to be taken, and your own written statement indicating your desire that the District assist your child in the matters set forth in the physician's statement. Your child may also carry and self-administer prescription auto-injectable epinephrine if the District receives written statements from you and the child's physician, in the form required by law.

<u>PLEDGE NOT TO USE ANABOLIC STEROIDS OR PROHIBITED DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS</u> (EC §49030 et seq.): A pupil is prohibited from participating in interscholastic high school sports, unless the pupil signs a pledge not to use anabolic steroids without a prescription from a licensed heath care practitioner, or a dietary supplement listed in the United States Guide to Prohibited Substances and Prohibited Methods of Doping. As a condition of participation, both the pupil-athlete and his/her parent/guardian must sign a notification form regarding these restrictions.

**TOBACCO-FREE CAMPUS POLICY** (H&SC §104420): The District Governing Board has adopted and enforces a tobacco-free campus policy. The policy prohibits the use of tobacco products, at any time, in District-owned or leased buildings, on District property and in District vehicles.

<u>MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SERVICES NOT PROVIDED</u> (EC §§49471, 48980): The District Governing Board does not provide or make available medical and hospital services for District pupils who are injured while participating in athletic activities.

CONCUSSIONS AND HEAD INJURIES (EC §§49475): Requires districts who elect to offer athletic programs to immediately remove for the remainder of the day an athlete who is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury during the activity and prohibits the return of the athlete to that activity until he/she is evaluated by and receives written clearance from, completes a graduated return-to-play protocol or not less than seven days in duration under the supervision of a licensed health care provider, and requires district to provide annually a concussion and head injury information sheet to be signed and returned by the athlete and his/her parent before the athlete initiates practice or competition.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITAL SERVICES FOR PUPILS (EC §§49472, 48980): The District Governing Board may provide or make available medical or hospital service through nonprofit membership corporations, defraying the cost of medical service or hospital service, or through group, blanket or individual policies of accident insurance or through policies of liability insurance, for injuries to District pupils arising out of accidents occurring on District property or while being transported to and from school-sponsored activities. No pupil is required to accept such service, without the consent of his/her parent/guardian.

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<u>PUPILS WITH TEMPORARY DISABILITIES</u> (EC §§48207, 48207.3, 48207.5, 48208, 48980): If your child should suffer a temporary disability which makes attendance in regular day classes or an alternative education program in which the child is enrolled impossible or inadvisable, your child shall receive individual instruction provided by the district in which he/she is deemed to reside. Individual instruction includes instruction provided in your home, in a hospital or other residential health facility, excluding state hospitals, or under other circumstances prescribed by state law. If your child is well enough to return to school during the school year in which individual instruction began, he/she must be allowed to

return to the school that he/she attended prior to receiving individual instruction. Individual instruction in your home must commence no later than five working days after the district determines your child shall receive this instruction.

<u>TYPE 2 DIABETES</u> (EC §49452.7): Please refer to Attachment #3 for information required to be provided to parents of 7<sup>th</sup> grade pupils regarding type 2 diabetes.

SECTION 504 PLAN: The District is committed to complying with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. Under Section 504, a disability is defined as a physical or mental impairment, which substantially limits one or more major life activities, such as (but not limited to) self-care, walking, seeing, hearing, speaking or learning. Every pupil with a 504 eligible disability is offered a free appropriate education without discrimination regardless of the nature or severity of the disability. In order to educate children who are disabled in the least restrictive environment, the District will make needed accommodations. The accommodations for a pupil eligible under Section 504 may include the assistance of supplementary aides and services or special education placement and services.

MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES: The District has implemented a school based mental health program for youth across the district. Services include, but not limited to, assessment of social/emotional needs, individual counseling (E.g., teaching stress, coping or anger management skills) and group work (E.g., life skills or grief/loss.) Services also include crisis response and linking youth and families to community based mental health or social services. Services are provided by licensed mental health professionals who district based or assigned to school sites throughout the district. Our work involves working closely with youth, parents and staff to ensure students are able to meet their academic goals.

FREE AND REDUCED PRICE MEALS (EC §§49510, et seq., 48980): Depending on annual household income, your child may be eligible for free or reduced priced meals. The IUSD Nutrition Services Department may be contacted for further information.

NOTIFICATION OF PESTICIDE USE (EC §§17611.5, 17612, 48980.3): A copy of the school's integrated pest management plan is posted on the District's website. Please refer to Attachment #4 for a list of all pesticide products expected to be applied at your child's school during the upcoming year.

ASBESTOS MANAGEMENT PLAN (40 CFR §763.93): The District's updated asbestos management plan for each school is available for inspection at the Irvine Unified School District Business Office.

SECURITY CAMERAS: The Irvine Unified School District is committed to providing safe and secure school sites for all our pupils and staff. We regularly video record our school sites both during the school day and after hours and on weekends. To effectuate the District's goals to ensure the health and safety of all pupils and staff, and to protect school property, the District has installed digital security camera systems on all of our school sites. The systems do not monitor classrooms or other pupil and teaching support areas but concentrate on entry and exit areas and other areas of the school sites that are subject to damage, graffiti or the unauthorized entry of persons or groups.

We are working closely with local law enforcement agencies to assist us in managing these cameras and the video/feed images. All cameras are installed in easily seen locations and there are no "hidden" cameras. Only authorized administrators and law enforcement personnel have access to the feed/images. Such video feed/images are not contained in an individual pupil's educational record, and thus are not subject to a request for educational records unless such video/image is the sole basis upon which discipline is issued for that pupil.

#### **ATTENDANCE**

STATUTORY ATTENDANCE OPTIONS (EC §§35160.5, 4660, 48204, 48980): The District is required to advise each parent/guardian of all existing statutory attendance options and local attendance options available in the District. These are options for attending schools other than the school designated for the local attendance area in which the parent/guardian resides. The options include intradistrict transfer, interdistrict transfer, transfer based on parental employment, "district of choice" if established by Governing Board resolution, and district of enrollment pursuant to the Open Enrollment Act, as specified. You may access interdistrict transfer permit information and policy on the District's website at: <a href="https://iusd.org/about/departments/education-services/student-services/student-services/student-services/student-services/student-transfers">https://iusd.org/about/departments/education-services/student-services/student-services/student-services/student-transfers</a>. Please refer to Attachment #5 for a complete summary of these attendance options.

RESIDENCY VERIFICATION (EC 48204): The District may only enroll students whose Parent(s) or Guardian(s) reside within school district boundaries or students who have approved inter-district transfer agreements to IUSD schools where there is space availability. Residency means the student is living at the address specified and must be located within the IUSD boundaries. Residence verification is conducted on an annual basis. The District may utilize reasonable options to verify residency, including but not limited to, requiring Parent(s) or Guardian(s) to provide documents verifying residency or using third party services to confirm residence verification via public documents.

**EXCUSED ABSENCES** (EC §§48205, 48980): Your child may be excused from school when the absence is for medical or justifiable personal reasons. Your child will be allowed to complete all assignments and tests missed during such an excused absence. Please refer to Attachment #6 for the full text of section 48205.

<u>GRADE REDUCTION/LOSS OF ACADEMIC CREDIT</u> (EC §§48205, 48980): Your child may not have his/her grade reduced or lose academic credit for any absence or absences excused under Education Code section 48205, when missed assignments and tests that can reasonably be provided are satisfactorily completed within a reasonable period of time. Please refer to Attachment #6 for the full text of section 48205.

<u>ABSENCES FOR RELIGIOUS PURPOSES</u> (EC §§46014, 48980): With your written consent, your child may be excused from school in order to participate in religious exercises or to receive moral and religious instruction at your child's place of worship or at other suitable place or places away from school property designated by the religious group. Your child may not be excused from school for this purpose on more than four days per school month.

**EXCUSE TO OBTAIN CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL SERVICES** (EC \$46010.1): Pupils in grades 7 to 12 may be excused from school for the purpose of obtaining confidential medical services, without the consent of the pupil's parent/guardian.

PREGNANT AND PARENTING PUPILS (EC §§ 222.5, 46015, 48205, 48980): A pregnant or parenting pupil is entitled to eight weeks of parental leave from school, as specified, but is not required to take all or part of the leave. Absences taken for parental leave shall be excused absences until the pupil is able to return to school. A pupil will not be penalized academically for leave taken and is entitled to opportunities to make up work missed during his/her leave, including makeup work plans and reenrollment in courses. Please refer to Attachment #6 for the full text of section 48205.

SCHEDULE OF MINIMUM DAYS AND PUPIL-FREE STAFF DEVELOMENT DAYS (EC §48980): The District is required to advise all parents/guardians of the schedule of minimum days and pupil-free staff development days. Please refer to the specific school's website to access the individual school's calendar and minimum day schedule. If any minimum or pupil-free staff development days are scheduled following the distribution of this notice, the District will notify you as early as possible, but not later than one month before the scheduled minimum or pupil-free day.

#### NON-DISCRIMINATION, INTIMIDATION, HARASSMENT AND BULLYING

STATEMENT OF NON-DISCRIMINATION (EC §§200, 220; Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, § 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973): The District does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, ethnic group identification, religion, sex/gender (gender identity, gender expression) physical/mental disability or immigration status. Your child has a right to a free public education, regardless of immigration status. Please refer to Attachment #7 "Know Your Educational Rights" related to immigration. Additional resources for immigrant students and family members developed by the California Attorney General are accessible at <a href="http://oag.ca.gov/immigrant/rights">http://oag.ca.gov/immigrant/rights</a>. The District will take steps to assure that the lack of English will not be a barrier to admission and participation in District programs. Complaints alleging noncompliance with the District's policy of nondiscrimination, intimidation, harassment and bullying should be directed to Terry Walker, Superintendent, at the Irvine Unified School District. A copy of the District's nondiscrimination, intimidation, harassment and bullying policy is available from the District office.

#### **SEXUAL HARASSMENT POLICY (EC §§231.5, 48980; 5 CCR §4917):**

Sexual Harassment – Students Board Policy 5145.7 The Board of Education is committed to maintaining a learning environment free from harassment, intimidation or insult, student-to-student or adult-to-student, on the basis of an individual's actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender expression. Positive action will be taken when necessary to eliminate such practices or remedy their effects. Sexual harassment, as defined and otherwise prohibited by state and federal statutes, constitutes an unlawful form of sex discrimination in violation of Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. In addition, sexual harassment constitutes violation of the California Education Code, regulations of the State Board of Education, and District Policy. As such, sexual harassment may constitute just cause for discipline pursuant to applicable Education Code Sections. The following persons have been designated to handle inquiries and complaints regarding the sexual harassment policy. District Office: Title IX Coordinator – Keith Tuominen, Director, Secondary Education, 5050 Barranca Pkwy, Irvine, CA 92604, (949)936-5063. Email address: titleixcoordinator@iusd.org. The District's written sexual harassment policy is Attachment #8.

#### **PUPILS WITH DISABILITIES**

<u>SPECIAL EDUCATION</u> (EC §56000 et seq.; 20 USC §1401 et seq.): Both California and United States law require that a free appropriate public education (FAPE) in the least restrictive environment (LRE) be offered to qualified pupils with disabilities. Information on pupil eligibility, procedural safeguards, and additional matters is available from the Special Education Department at the Irvine Unified School District Office.

CHILD FIND (EC §§56300, 56301): The District has a duty to identify, locate and assess children with disabilities who are in need of regular or special education and related aids and services. If you believe that your child is in need of regular or

special education and related aids and services, you may initiate a referral for assessment by contacting the school site principal.

#### **MISCELLANEOUS**

COMPREHENSIVE SEXUAL HEALTH AND/HIV/AIDS PREVENTION EDUCATION (EC §§51938, 48980): The District will provide instruction in comprehensive sexual health and HIV/AIDS prevention education and research on student health behaviors and risks for the coming school year. Written and audiovisual educational materials used in this education are available for your inspection at the Principal's office. The education will be taught by school district personnel and may be presented by outside consultants. A copy of the California Comprehensive Sexual Health and HIV/AIDS Prevention Education Act is available from the Irvine Unified School District Health Services Office. You have the right to request in writing that your child shall not receive comprehensive sexual health education or HIV/AIDS prevention education. The District may administer anonymous, voluntary and confidential research and evaluation tools to measure students' health behaviors and risks, including tests, questionnaires and surveys containing age-appropriate questions about pupils' attitudes concerning or practices relating to sex. You will be notified in writing that any such test, questionnaire or survey is to be administered, and you will be given the opportunity to review the test, questionnaire or survey and request in writing that your child not participate.

<u>DISSECTION OR OTHERWISE HARMING OR DESTROYING ANIMALS</u> (EC §32255 et seq.): If your child has a moral objection to dissecting or otherwise harming or destroying animals, he/she has a right to notify the teacher regarding this objection and to refrain from participation in an education project involving the harmful or destructive use of animals which must be substantiated with a note from a parent/guardian.

<u>CAASPP STATE EXAMS</u> (5 CCR 852): During the spring, students in grades 3-8 and high school will take the annual state exams. Parents may annually submit to the school a written request to excuse their child from any or all parts of the CAASPP assessments. Please refer to Attachment #9 for a complete summary.

<u>ADVANCED PLACEMENT EXAMS</u> (EC §§ 52242, 48980): The District may be able to help pay for all or part of the costs of one or more advanced placement examinations that are charged to economically disadvantaged pupils.

<u>HIGH SCHOOL OPEN CAMPUS</u> (EC §§44808.5, 48980): The Governing Board of the District, pursuant to Education Code section 44808.5, has decided to permit the pupils enrolled at all Irvine Unified School District High Schools to leave the school grounds during the lunch period.

#### COLLEGE ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS; CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (EC §§51225.3, 51229, 48980):

- <u>College Admission Requirements</u>: The University of California (UC) and the California State University (CSU) have established common high school course requirements for undergraduate admission. Pupils who take these courses and meet other specified criteria are eligible to apply and be considered for admission. The following list is commonly referred to as the "A-G" requirements:
  - two years of history/social science;
  - (2) four years of college preparatory English or language instruction;
  - (3) three years of college preparatory mathematics;
  - (4) two years of laboratory science;
  - (5) two years of the same language other than English;
  - (6) one year of visual and performing arts; and
  - (7) one year of college preparatory electives.
  - <u>Websites</u>: The following UC and CSU web sites help pupils and their families learn about college admission requirements, and also list high school courses that have been certified for undergraduate admission:
    - UC: <a href="http://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/freshman/index.html">http://admission.universityofcalifornia.edu/freshman/index.html</a>
    - CSU: www.csumentor.edu/planning/high school/subjects.asp
  - <u>Career Technical Education</u>: The California Department of Education defines career technical education as program of study that involves a multiyear sequence of courses that integrates core academic knowledge with technical and occupational knowledge to provide students with a pathway to postsecondary education and careers. Career Technical education includes career pathways in fifteen industry sectors offered in high schools and through regional occupation programs (ROP).

- The list of career technical education courses offered by the district that satisfy the subject matter requirements for admission to Cal State and UC systems include; 3D Design Animation, Advanced Computer Graphic Art, Advanced Computer Graphics, Advanced Culinary Arts & Management, Advanced Graphic Design, Advanced Tech Theater, Advanced Video Production, Advanced Visual Imagery, Aerospace Engineering, Animation, Animation 2, AP 2D Design, AP Computer Science, AP Computer Science Principles, Art of Film, Art of TV, Art of TV/Video, Auto–Maintenance & Light Engine Repair MLR 1, Auto–Maintenance & Light Engine Repair MLR 2, Broadcast News, Building Industry Technology 1, Building Industry Technology 2, Computer Graphic Art, Computer Graphics, Computer Programming, Computer Science Data Structures, Computer Science Principles, Digital Media Art, Engineering Design & Development, Exploring Computer Science, Graphic Design, Intermediate Computer Graphic ArtVisual Imagery, Intermediate Film/Video, Intro to Culinary Arts, Intro to Engineering, Medical Careers & Health Systems 1, Mobile APP Development, Photojournalism, Principles of Engineering, Tech Theater, Video Production, Video Production, Video
- <u>Website for Career Technical Education</u>: Pupils can learn more about career technical education at the following California Department of Education website: <a href="www.cde.ca.gov/ci/ct/">www.cde.ca.gov/ci/ct/</a>.
- <u>Counseling</u>: Your child has the right to meet with a school counselor for help in choosing courses that will meet college admission requirements, or enrolling in career technical education courses, or both. If you wish to schedule a meeting with a school counselor, please contact your child's school.

SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY REPORT CARD (EC §\$35256, 32286): The District Governing Board annually issues a School Accountability Report Card (SARC) for each school in the District. You may obtain a copy of the SARC from the Principal's office. The SARC includes, but is not limited to, assessment of school conditions specified in California Education Code section 33126. The SARC also includes an annual report on the status of the safety plan for your child's school, including a description of its key elements.

WAIVER OF ENGLISH LANGUAGE INSTRUCTION (EC §310, 5 CCR §11309): California law generally requires that all public school children shall be taught English by receiving instruction in English. However, this English language requirement may be waived with the prior written informed consent, to be provided annually, of the child's parent/guardian. Such informed consent requires that the parent/guardian personally visit the school to apply for the waiver. Under such parental waiver conditions, children may be transferred to classes where they are taught English and other subjects through bilingual education techniques or other generally recognized educational methodologies permitted by law. Please see the school principal for additional information.

HEALTH INSTRUCTION/CONFLICTS WITH RELIGIOUS TRAINING AND BELIEFS (EC §51240): If any part of the school's instruction in health conflicts with your religious training and beliefs, you may submit a written request that your child be excused from the part of the instruction that conflicts with your religious training and beliefs.

**NOTICE OF ALTERNATIVE SCHOOLS** (EC §58501): The law requires the District to provide parent/guardians with a notice of alternative schools. Please refer to Attachment #10 for a copy of the notice specified in Education Code section 58501.

<u>SEX EQUITY IN CAREER COUNSELING AND COURSE SELECTION</u> (EC §221.5): You have the right to participate in counseling sessions and decisions concerning career counseling and course selection, commencing with course selection for grade 7.

#### **UNIFORM COMPLAINT PROCEDURES** (5 CCR §4622):

The Irvine Unified School District (IUSD) annually notifies its students, employees, parents or guardians of its students, the district advisory committee, school advisory committees, appropriate private school officials, and other interested parties of the Uniform Complaint Procedures (UCP) process.

The District has adopted policies and procedures for the filing, investigation and resolution of complaints regarding alleged violations of federal or state law or regulations governing educational programs, including allegations of unlawful discrimination. The Uniform Complaint Procedures apply to complaints involving categorical programs and those alleging unlawful discrimination, intimidation, harassment, and bullying. Copies of the Uniform Complaint Procedures must be made available free of charge. The local agency is primarily responsible for compliance with federal and state laws and regulations, including those related to unlawful discrimination, harassment, intimidation and bullying against any protected group, and all programs and activities that are subject to the UCP in:

Adult Education	Economic Impact Aid
After School Education and Safety	Education of Pupils in Foster Care, Pupils who are Homeless, former Juvenile Court Pupils now enrolled in a school district, and pupils of military families
Agricultural Career Technical Education	English Learner Programs
American Indian Education Centers and Early Childhood Education Program Assessments	Every Student Succeeds Act / No Child Left Behind (Titles I–VII)
Bilingual Education	Local Control and Accountability Plans (LCAP)
California Peer Assistance and Review Programs for Teachers	Migrant Education
Career Technical and Technical Education; Career Technical; Technical Training	Physical Education Instructional Minutes (for grades one through six)
Career Technical Education	Pupil Fees
Child Care and Development	Reasonable Accommodations to a Lactating Pupil
Child Nutrition	Regional Occupational Centers and Programs
Compensatory Education	School Safety Plans
Consolidated Categorical Aid	Special Education
Course Periods without Educational Content (for grades nine through twelve)	State Preschool
	Tobacco-Use Prevention Education

A pupil fee includes, but is not limited to, all of the following:

- 1. A fee charged to a pupil as a condition for registering for school or classes, or as a condition for participation in a class or an extracurricular activity, regardless of whether the class or activity is elective or compulsory, or is for credit.
- 2. A security deposit, or other payment, that a pupil is required to make to obtain a lock, locker, book, class apparatus, musical instrument, clothes, or other materials or equipment.
- 3. A purchase that a pupil is required to make to obtain materials, supplies, equipment, or clothes associated with an educational activity.

A pupil fees complaint may be filed with the principal of a school or our superintendent or his or her designee. A pupil fees and/or an LCAP complaint may be filed anonymously, however, the complainant must provide evidence or information leading to evidence to support the complaint.

A pupil enrolled in a school in our district shall not be required to pay a pupil fee for participation in an educational activity.

A pupil fee complaint shall be filed no later than one year from the date the alleged violation occurred.

We shall post a standardized notice of the educational rights of pupils in foster care, pupils who are homeless, and former juvenile court pupils now enrolled in a school district and Children of Military Families as specified in EC Sections 48645.7, 48853, 48853.5, 49069.5, 51225.1, and 51225.2. This notice shall include complaint process information, as applicable.

Information on how to file a Uniform Complaint can be found at <a href="https://iusd.org/about/board-education/board-policies/uniform-complaint-policy">https://iusd.org/about/board-education/board-policies/uniform-complaint-policy</a>. All Uniform Complaints are to be directed to Terry Walker, Superintendent at (949) 936-5000 — 5050 Barranca Pkwy., Irvine, CA 92604; Electronic mail address: Superintendent@iusd.org.

Complaints will be investigated and a written report with a Decision will be sent to the complainant within sixty (60) days from the receipt of the complaint. This time period may be extended by written agreement of the complainant. The person responsible for investigating the complaint shall conduct and complete the investigation in accordance with district UCP policies and procedures.

The complainant has a right to appeal our decision of complaints regarding specific programs and activities subject to the UCP, pupil fees and the LCAP to CDE by filing a written appeal within 15 days of receiving our decision. The appeal must be accompanied by a copy of the originally filed complaint and a copy of the District's decision.

The complainant has a right to pursue any civil law remedies including, but not limited to, injunctions, restraining orders, or other remedies or orders that may be available under state or federal discrimination, harassment, intimidation or bullying laws, if applicable.

#### EVERY STUDENT SUCCEEDS ACT (ESSA) ("ESSA", 20USC 6301 et seq.; EC 313.2 440):

On December 10, 2015, President Obama signed the ESSA replacing the 2001 No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB). California Department of Education and State board of Education staff have been studying the ESSA and considering the opportunities afforded by the new law to improve outcomes for California's students. As part of California's transition to ESSA, California must submit an ESSA State Plan to the U.S. Department of Education. The State Plan will describe the State's implementation of standards, assessment, accountability, and assistance programs and will move us toward California's goal of having a single, coherent local, state, and federal education system. Irvine Unified School District is committed to ensuring a transparent transition to the new law in order in close achievement gaps, increase equity, improve the quality of instruction, and increase outcomes for all students. The goal of ESSA and for Orange Unified School District is to:

- 1) ensure high standards so that children graduate high school ready for college and career;
- 2) maintain accountability by guaranteeing that when students fall behind, resources are applied toward school improvement, with a particular focus on the lowest-performing 5 percent of schools, high schools with high dropout rates, and schools where subgroups of students are struggling;
- 3) preserve annual assessments and reduce the often onerous burden of unnecessary and ineffective testing on students and teachers, making sure that standardized tests don't crowd out teaching and learning, without sacrificing clear, annual information parents and educators need to make sure our children are learning; and
- 4) provide more children access to high-quality preschool, giving them the chance to get a strong start to their education.

**A. LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT CHILDREN:** The ESSA requires the District to inform the parent or parents of a limited English Proficient (LEP) child identified for participation or participating in a language instruction educational program, of the following:

- The reasons for the identification of the child as LEP and in need of placement in a language instruction educational program;
- 2. The child's level of English proficiency, how such level was assessed and the status of the child's academic achievement:
- The methods of instruction used in the program in which the child is or will be participating, and the methods of instruction used in other available programs;
- How the program in which the child is or will be participating, will meet the educational strengths and needs of the child;
- 5. How such program will specifically help the child learn English and meet age-appropriate academic achievement standards for grade promotion and graduation;
- The specific exit requirements for the program;
- 7. In the case of a child with a disability, how such program meets the objectives of the Individualized Education Program (IEP) of the child; and
- 8. Information pertaining to parental rights that includes written guidance detailing the right that parents have to have their child immediately removed from such program upon their request, and the options that parents have to decline to enroll their child in such program or to choose another program or method of instruction, if available; and assisting parents in selecting among various programs and methods of instruction, if more than one program or method is offered by the District.

If your child is LEP and has been identified for participation or is participating in the language instruction educational program, please contact the Coordinator of Language Development Programs at of English Learner Programs and Pupil Achievement at (949) 936-8500 for the above information that is specific to your child.

**B.** <u>INFORMATION ON CHILD'S LEVEL OF ACHIEVEMENT</u>: The District will provide timely information on the level of achievement of your child in each of the state academic assessments.

## C. <u>RIGHT TO INFORMATION REGARDING THE PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATIONS OF TEACHERS AND PARA- PROFESSIONALS</u>: ESSA grants parents the right to request information regarding the professional qualifications of the children's classroom teachers, including the following:

- 1. Whether the teacher has met state qualification and licensing criteria for the grade levels and subject areas in which the teacher provides instruction;
- Whether the teacher is teaching under emergency or other provisional status through which state qualification or licensing criteria have been waived;
- 3. The baccalaureate degree major of the teacher and any other graduate certification or degree held by the teacher, and the field of discipline of the certification or degree; and
- 4. Whether the child is provided services by paraprofessionals and, if so, their qualifications.

This information is available from the Human Resources Department. The district will provide timely notice if your child has been assigned, or has been taught for four or more consecutive weeks by a teacher who is not highly qualified.

• <u>Information on Child's Level of Achievement</u>: The District will provide timely information on the level of achievement of your child in each of the state academic assessments.

- <u>Homeless Liaison</u>: Homeless pupils have certain rights under California and United States law. For information
  concerning these rights, please contact the District's Coordinator of Intervention and Prevention for homeless
  children and youths who may be contacted at (949) 936-7510.
- Foster and McKinney-Vento Youth (EC) § 51225.1 (a): AB 216/AB1806 provides that foster youth, homeless/transitional youth, and probation involved youth who change schools any time after the completion of their second year of high school shall be exempted from IUSD's graduation requirements, and instead may obtain a high school diploma by meeting the state mandated graduation requirements unless the district makes a finding that the pupil is reasonably able to complete the district's additional graduation requirements by the end of their fourth year of high school.
  - Within 30 calendar days of the date a pupil transfers into a school, the district shall notify the pupil, the holder of educational rights, and the pupil's social worker, of the availability of the exemption and whether the pupil qualifies for the exemption. If the district determines the pupil in foster care is reasonably able to complete the district's graduation requirements within the pupil's fifth school year of high school, the district must: 1) inform the pupil of his/her option to remain in school for a fifth year to complete the district's graduation requirements; 2) inform the pupil and the holder of educational rights about how remaining in school for a fifth year will affect his/her ability to gain admission to a university; 3) provide the pupil information about transfer opportunities available through the community colleges; and 4) permit the pupil to stay in school a fifth year to complete the school's graduation requirements upon agreement with the pupil (if 18) or the holder of educational rights.
- Release of Pupil Information to Military Recruiters: Please see entry under Pupil Records.



# IRVINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **CIVILITY**

**BOARD POLICY - 1313** 

It is the expectation of the district that all personnel will be responsive to parents' concerns and attempt to resolve problems at the most appropriate level. Failing that, it should be referred to the principal or designee and, if necessary, subsequently to the superintendent or designee. It is neither required nor desirable that an employee face abusive language or behavior.

This policy promotes mutual respect, civility, and orderly conduct among district employees, parents, and the public. This policy is not intended to deprive any person of his/her right to freedom of expression, but only to maintain, to the extent possible and reasonable, a safe, harassment-free workplace for our students and staff. In the interest of presenting district employees as positive role models to the students of this district as well as the community, the Irvine Unified School District encourages positive communication and discourages volatile, hostile, or aggressive behavior.

#### Legal References:

#### **EDUCATION CODE**

32210 Willful Disturbance of School

32211 Requests to Leave School Grounds

44014 Assault on Employees

44810 Willful Interference with School

44811 Disruption of Class or Extracurricular Activities

51512 Use of Electronic Devices

#### **PENAL CODE**

71 Threats to School Officers

243.5 Arrest on School Grounds

415.5 Fighting on School Grounds

626.6 Disruption by Non-Students

626.7 Interference with the Peaceful Conduct of School Activities

626.8 Entry of School by Person Not on Lawful Business

627.7 Refusal to Leave School Grounds

653g Loitering

Policy Adopted: June 26, 2007

#### **Model Notification of Rights for Elementary and Secondary Schools**

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) affords parents and students over 18 years of age ("eligible students") certain rights with respect to the student's education records. These rights are:

1. The right to inspect and review the student's education records maintained by the school. These rights transfer to the eligible student when he/she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level.

Parents or eligible students should submit to the School principal [or appropriate school official] a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The School official will make arrangements for access and notify the parent or eligible student of the time and place where the records may be inspected. Schools are not required to provide copies of records unless, for reasons such as great distance, it is impossible for parents or eligible students to review the records. Schools may charge a fee for copies.

2. The right to request that a school correct the student's education records that the parent or eligible student believes are inaccurate or misleading.

Parents or eligible students who wish to ask the School to correct a record should write the School principal [or appropriate school official], clearly identify the part of the record they want corrected, and specify why it should be corrected. If the School decides not to amend the record as requested by the parent or eligible student, the School will notify the parent or eligible student of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing. After the hearing, if the school still decides not to amend the records, the parent or eligible student has the right to place a statement with the records setting forth his/her view about the contested information.

- 3. Generally, schools must have written permission from the parent or eligible student in order to release any information from a student's education records. However, FERPA permits schools to disclose those records, without consent, to the following parties or under the following conditions,:
  - School officials with legitimate education interest;
  - Other schools to which a student is transferring;
  - Specified officials for audit or evaluation purposes;
  - Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student;
  - Organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school;
  - Accrediting organizations;
  - To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena;
  - Appropriate officials in cases of health and safety emergencies; and
  - State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her professional responsibility. Upon request, the school discloses education records without consent to officials of another school district in which a student seeks or intends to enroll, or is already enrolled if the disclosure is for purposes of the student's enrollment or transfer.

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date of birth, email address, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, degrees and awards received, and the most recent previous public private school attended by the student. However, schools must inform parents and eligible students about directory information and allow parents and eligible students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them. School official must notify parents and eligible students annually of their rights under FERPA. The actual means of notification is left to the discretion of each school.

4. The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the school to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the Office that administers FERPA are:

Family Policy Compliance Office U.S. Department of Education 400 Maryland Avenue, SW Washington, DC 20202-8520

## **Type 2 Diabetes Information**

Pursuant to California *Education Code* Section 49452.7, this type 2 diabetes information is for local educational agencies to provide to parents and guardians of incoming seventh grade students beginning July 1, 2010.

The California Department of Education developed this type 2 diabetes information in collaboration with the California Department of Public Health, American Diabetes Association, California School Nurses Organization, and Children's Hospital of Orange County. Also see available translations of this information.

#### Description

Type 2 diabetes is the most common form of diabetes in adults.

Until a few years ago, type 2 diabetes was rare in children, but it is becoming more common, especially for overweight teens.

According to the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), one in three American children born after 2000 will develop type 2 diabetes in his or her lifetime.

Type 2 diabetes affects the way the body is able to use sugar (glucose) for energy.

The body turns the carbohydrates in food into glucose, the basic fuel for the body's cells.

The pancreas makes insulin, a hormone that moves glucose from the blood to the cells.

In type 2 diabetes, the body's cells resist the effects of insulin, and blood glucose levels rise.

Over time, glucose reaches dangerously high levels in the blood, which is called hyperglycemia.

Hyperglycemia can lead to health problems like heart disease, blindness, and kidney failure.

#### Risk Factors Associated with Type 2 Diabetes

It is recommended that students displaying or possibly experiencing the risk factors and warning signs associated with type 2 diabetes be screened (tested) for the disease.

#### Risk Factors

Researchers do not completely understand why some people develop type 2 diabetes and others do not; however, the following risk factors are associated with an increased risk of type 2 diabetes in children:

Being overweight. The single greatest risk factor for type 2 diabetes in children is excess weight. In the U.S., almost one out of every five children is overweight. The chances are more than double that an overweight child will develop diabetes.

Family history of diabetes. Many affected children and youth have at least one parent with diabetes or have a significant family history of the disease.

Inactivity. Being inactive further reduces the body's ability to respond to insulin.

Specific racial/ethnic groups. Native Americans, African Americans, Hispanics/Latinos, or Asian/Pacific Islanders are more prone than other ethnic groups to develop type 2 diabetes.

Puberty. Young people in puberty are more likely to develop type 2 diabetes than younger children, probably because of normal rises in hormone levels that can cause insulin resistance during this stage of rapid growth and physical development.

#### Warning Signs and Symptoms Associated with Type 2 Diabetes

Warning signs and symptoms of type 2 diabetes in children develop slowly, and initially there may be no symptoms. However, not everyone with insulin resistance or type 2 diabetes develops these warning signs, and not everyone who has these symptoms necessarily has type 2 diabetes.

Increased hunger, even after eating
Unexplained weight loss
Increased thirst, dry mouth, and frequent urination
Feeling very tired
Blurred vision
Slow healing of sores or cuts
Dark velvety or ridged patches of skin, especially on the back of the neck or under the arms
Irregular periods, no periods, and/or excess facial and body hair growth in girls
High blood pressure or abnormal blood fats levels

#### Type 2 Diabetes Prevention Methods and Treatments

Healthy lifestyle choices can help prevent and treat type 2 diabetes. Even with a family history of diabetes, eating healthy foods in the correct amounts and exercising regularly can help children achieve or maintain a normal weight and normal blood glucose levels.

Eat healthy foods. Make wise food choices. Eat foods low in fat and calories.

Get more physical activity. Increase physical activity to at least 60 minutes every day.

Take medication. If diet and exercise are not enough to control the disease, it may be necessary to treat type 2 diabetes with medication.

The first step in treating type 2 diabetes is to visit a doctor. A doctor can determine if a child is overweight based on the child's age, weight, and height. A doctor can also request tests of a child's blood glucose to see if the child has diabetes or pre-diabetes (a condition which may lead to type 2 diabetes).

#### **Types of Diabetes Screening Tests That Are Available**

Glycated hemoglobin (A1C) test. A blood test measures the average blood sugar level over two to three months. An A1C level of 6.5 percent or higher on two separate tests indicates diabetes.

Random (non-fasting) blood sugar test. A blood sample is taken at a random time. A random blood sugar level of 200 milligrams per deciliter (mg/dL) or higher suggests diabetes. This test must be confirmed with a fasting blood glucose test.

Fasting blood sugar test. A blood sample is taken after an overnight fast. A fasting blood sugar level less than 100 mg/dL is normal. A level of 100 to 125 mg/dL is considered pre-diabetes. A level of 126 mg/dL or higher on two separate tests indicates diabetes.

Oral glucose tolerance test. A test measuring the fasting blood sugar level after an overnight fast with periodic testing for the next several hours after drinking a sugary liquid. A reading of more than 200 mg/dL after two hours indicates diabetes.

Type 2 diabetes in children is a preventable/treatable disease and the guidance provided in this information sheet is intended to raise awareness about this disease. Contact your student's school nurse, school administrator, or health care provider if you have guestions.

Last Reviewed: Monday, April 3, 2017

#### IRVINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Maintenance and Operations

## 2019 - 2020 Annual Parent/ Employee Notification

Dear Parent/Employee;

The Healthy Schools Act of 2000 was signed into law in September 2000 and requires that the District provide all Parents and employees with an annual written notification of expected pesticide use at their school site or workplace. This notification identifies the product that may be used and its active ingredient(s). Please see page 2 of this letter for the list of chemicals that may be used in the District.

The scheduled pesticide applications for your school site or workplace, is attached. It is also posted on the District website at www.iusd.org. To find the application dates go to the A-Z drop down located on the IUSD main page, then click on B, click on Business Services, click on Maintenance and Operations, click on HSA/IPM Procedures, click on 2019-20 Grounds Chemical Application Schedule or the 2019 Custodial Pesticide Schedule.

If you have any questions, please call the IPM coordinator at 949.936.5392.

Sincerely
Joe Hoffman, Director
Maintenance and Operations

## **IUSD 2019-20 Pesticide/Herbicide List**

GROUNDS		
Name of Herbicide (Organic)	Active Ingredient(s)	Purpose
Halo (25b exempt)	Eugenol and Clove Oil	Weeds
Preem (25b exempt)	Soybean Oil	Weeds
Avenger	d-Limonene	Weeds
Fiesta	Iron HEDTA	Broadleaf Weeds
Scythe	Pelargonic Acid	Weeds
Suppress Herbicide	Caprylic Acid	Weeds
Weed Pharm	Acetic Acid	Weeds
Name of Pesticide (Organic)	Active Ingredient(s)	Purpose
WHY Spray (25b exempt)	Lemongrass and Clove Leaf Oil	Wasps and Bees
ProVerde (25b exempt)	Geranoil	General Pests
Eco Via EC (25b exempt)	Thyme Oil, 2-Phenethyl Propionate	Organic Pests
Name of Pesticide	Active Ingredient(s)	Purpose
Gopher X	Carbon Monoxide	Gophers
Grandevo PTO	Chromobacterium	Organic Pests
M-Pede	Potassium Salts of Fatty Acids	Organic Pests
Neemix	Azadirachtin	Organic Pests

CUSTODIAL		
Name of Pesticide (Organic)	Active Ingredient(s)	Purpose
Essentria IC-3 (25b exempt)	Rosemary Oil, Geranoil, Peppermint Oil	General Pests
Naturecide (25b exempt)	Cedarwood Oil, Cinnamon Oil	General Pests
Eco Via EC (25b exempt)	Thyme Oil, 2-Phenethyl Propionate	General Pests
ProVerde (25b exempt)	Geranoil	General Pests
Name of Pesticide	Active Ingredient(s)	Purpose
Advion Bait Station	Indoxacarb	Ants/Roaches
MaxForce Bait Station	Fipronil	Ants/Roaches
Gentrol IGR Concentrate	Hydropene	Roaches
Precor IGR Concentrate	Methoprene	Fleas
XT-2000 (Orange Oil Plus)	d-Limonene	Termites, Carpenter Ants
Altriset	Chlorantraniliprole	Termites
Phantom	Chlorfenapyr	Termites, Ants Roaches
Alpine Dust	Dinotefuran	General Pests
Vikane	Sulfuryl Flouride	Termites
Termidore	SC Fipronil	Termites
Fastrac	400 Bromethalin	Rodents
Contac	Bromadialone	Rodents

#### STATUTORY ATTENDANCE OPTIONS

Prepared by the California Department of Education

#### CHOOSING YOUR CHILD'S SCHOOL

#### A Summary of School Attendance Alternatives in California

California law [EC § 48980(h)] requires all school boards to inform each pupil's parents/guardians at the beginning of the school year of the various ways in which they may choose schools for their children to attend other than the ones assigned by school districts. Pupils that attend schools other than those assigned by the districts are referred to as "transfer pupils" throughout this notification. There is one process for choosing a school within the district which the parents/guardians live (intradistrict transfer), and three separate processes for selecting schools in other districts (interdistrict transfer). The general requirements and limitations of each process are described below.

#### Choosing a School Within the District in Which Parents/Guardians Live

The law (EC § 35160.5(b) (1) requires the school board of each district to establish a policy that allows parents/guardians to choose the schools their children will attend, regardless of where the parents/ guardians live in the district. The law limits choice within a school district as follows:

- Pupils who live in the attendance area of a school must be given priority to attend that school over pupils who do not live in the school's attendance area.
- In cases in which there are more requests to attend a school than there are openings, the selection process must be "random and unbiased," which generally means pupils must be selected through a lottery process rather than on a first-come, first-served basis. A district cannot use a pupil's academic or athletic performance as a reason to accept or reject a transfer.
- Each district must decide the number of openings at each school which can be filled by transfer pupils. Each district also has the authority to keep appropriate racial and ethnic balances among its schools, meaning that a district can deny a transfer request if it would upset this balance or would leave the district out of compliance with a court-ordered or voluntary desegregation program.`
- A district is not required to provide transportation assistance to a pupil that transfers to another school in the district under these provisions.
- If a transfer is denied, a parent/guardian does not have an automatic right to appeal the decision. A district may, however, voluntarily decide to put in place a process for parents/guardians to appeal a decision.

#### Choosing a School Outside the District in Which Parents/Guardians Live

Parents/guardians have four different options for choosing a school outside the district in which they live. The three options are described below:

#### 1. Interdistrict Transfers

The law (EC §§46600 through 46607) allows two or more school boards to enter into an agreement, for a term of up to five years, for the transfer of one or more pupils between districts. The agreement must specify the terms and conditions for granting or denying transfers. The district in which the parent/guardian lives may issue an individual permit under the terms of the agreement, or district policy, for transfer and for the applicable period of time. The permit is valid upon endorsement by the district of proposed attendance. The law on interdistrict transfers also provides for the following:

- If either district denies a transfer request, a parent/guardian may appeal that decision to the county board of education. There are specified timelines in the law for filing an appeal and for the county board of education to make a decision.
- No district is required to provide transportation to a pupil who transfers into the district.

#### 2. Parental Employment Transfers (Discretionary)

The law (EC §48204(b)) provides that a school district may deem a pupil as having complied with the residency requirements for school attendance if one or both parents/guardians of a pupil are physically employed within the boundaries of the district for a minimum of 10 hours during a school week, or if a pupil lives at their parent/legal guardian's placement of employment outside of the boundaries of their school district of residence for a minimum of 3 days during the school week. A school district is not required to accept a pupil requesting a transfer on this basis, but a pupil may not be rejected on the basis of race, ethnicity, sex, parental income, academic achievement, or any other" arbitrary" consideration. Other provisions of the EC § 48204(b) includes:

- Either the district in which the parent/guardian lives or the district in which the parent/guardian works may prohibit the transfer if it is determined that there would be a negative impact on the district's court-ordered or voluntary desegregation plan.
- The district in which the parent/guardian works may reject a transfer if it determines that the additional cost of educating the pupil would be more than the amount of government funds the district would receive for educating the pupil.
- There are set limits (based on total enrollment) on the net number of pupils that may transfer out of a district in any school year, unless the sending district approves a greater number of transfers.
- There is no required appeal process for a transfer that is denied. However, the district that declines to admit a pupil is encouraged to identify, and communicate in writing to the parent/guardian the specific reasons for denying the transfer.
- Once a pupil is deemed to have complied with the residency requirements for school attendance based on one or both parents or guardians being employed within the boundaries of the district and the pupil is enrolled in a school in a school district whose boundaries include the location where one or both parents of the pupil is employed, the pupil does not have to reapply in the next school year to attend a school

within that school district and the district shall allow the pupil to attend school through the 12<sup>th</sup> grade in that district if one or both of the pupil's parents or guardians continues to be employed within the attendance boundaries of the school district, subject to certain conditions.

#### 3. <u>Districts of Choice</u> (Discretionary)

The law (EC §§48300 through 48318) allows each school district to become a "district of choice" --that is, a district that accepts transfer pupils from outside the district under the terms of a resolution. A school board that decides to become a "district of choice" must determine the number of pupils it is willing to accept in this category each year and make sure that the pupils are selected through a "random and unbiased" process, which generally means a lottery process. Pupils may request transfers into a "district of choice" by January 1 of the prior school year.. Other provisions include:

- Either the district of choice or the district of residence may deny a transfer if it will negatively affect the racial and ethnic balance of the district, or a court-ordered or voluntary desegregation plan. The district of residency may also limit the total number of pupils transferring out of the district each year to a specified percentage of its total enrollment, depending on the size of the district.
- The district of choice may not prohibit a transfer based on the additional cost of educating the pupil but may prohibit a transfer if it would require the district to create a new program, except that a school district of choice shall not reject the transfer of a special needs pupil and an English learner.
- No pupil who currently attends a school or lives within the attendance area of a school can be forced out of that school to make room for a pupil transferring under these provisions.
- Siblings of pupils already attending school in the "district of choice" must be given transfer priority. Children of military personnel may also be given priority.
- A parent/guardian may request transportation assistance within the boundaries of the "district of choice." The district may provide transportation only to the extent it already does so.

The above summary of the attendance alternatives available to parents/guardians and their children is intended to provide them with an overview of the laws applying to each alternative. Any parents/guardians, who are interested in securing more information about these options, districts' policies or procedures, and timelines for applying for transfers, should contact their own school district, or the district they may be thinking about transferring into.

#### 4. Open Enrollment

The law (EC §48350 et seq.) authorizes the parent/guardian of a pupil enrolled in a low-achieving school, as defined, to submit an application for the pupil to attend a school in a school district of enrollment, as defined. Other provisions include:

- An application requesting a transfer must be submitted by the parent of a pupil to the school district of
  enrollment prior to January 1 of the school year preceding the school year for which the pupil is
  requesting a transfer. The application deadline does not apply to a request for transfer if the parent is
  enlisted in the military and was relocated by the military within 90 days prior to submitting the transfer
  application.
- The application may request enrollment of the pupil in a specific school or program within the school district.
- A pupil may enroll in a school in the school district of enrollment in the school year immediately following the approval of the transfer application.
- A school district of enrollment shall establish a period of time to provide priority enrollment for pupils residing in the school district prior to accepting transfer applications.
- The school district of residence in which the pupil resides or a school district of enrollment to which a pupil has applied to attend may prohibit the transfer of the pupil or limit the number of pupils who transfer if the governing board of the district determines that the transfer would negatively impact a court-ordered or voluntary desegregation plan, the racial and ethnic balance of the district.
- A resident pupil who is enrolled in one of the district's schools shall not be required to submit an application in order to remain enrolled.
- Pupil applying for a transfer shall be assigned priority for approval as follows:
  - a. First priority for the siblings of children who already attend the desired school.
  - b. Second priority for pupils transferring from a program improvement school ranked in decile 1.
  - c. If the number of pupils who request a particular school exceeds the number of spaces available at that school, a lottery shall be conducted in the group priority order identified in (a) and (b), above, until all available spaces are filled.
- Initial applications for transfer to a school within a school district of enrollment shall not be approved if the transfer would require displacement from the desired school of any other pupil who resides within the attendance area of that school or is currently enrolled in that school.
- A pupil approved for a transfer to a school district of enrollment shall be deemed to have fulfilled the residency requirements for school attendance.

#### Effective: January 1, 2019

West's Annotated California Codes

Education Code (Refs & Annos)

Title 2. Elementary and Secondary Education (Refs & Annos)

Division 4. Instruction and Services (Refs & Annos)

Part 27. Pupils (Refs & Annos)

Chapter 2. Compulsory Education Law (Refs & Annos) Article 1. Persons Included

#### § 48205. Excused absences; average daily attendance computation

- (a) Notwithstanding Section 48200, a pupil shall be excused from school when the absence is:
- (1) Due to the pupil's illness.
- (2) Due to quarantine under the direction of a county or city health officer.
- (3) For the purpose of having medical, dental, optometrical, or chiropractic services rendered.
- (4) For the purpose of attending the funeral services of a member of the pupil's immediate family, so long as the absence is not more than one day if the service is conducted in California and not more than three days if the service is conducted outside California.
- (5) For the purpose of jury duty in the manner provided for by law.
- (6) Due to the illness or medical appointment during school hours of a child of whom the pupil is the custodial parent, including absences to care for a sick child for which the school shall not require a note from a doctor.
- (7) For justifiable personal reasons, including, but not limited to, an appearance in court, attendance at a funeral service, observance of a holiday or ceremony of the pupil's religion, attendance at religious retreats, attendance at an employment conference, or attendance at an educational conference on the legislative or judicial process offered by a nonprofit organization when the pupil's absence is requested in writing by the parent or guardian and approved by the principal or a designated representative pursuant to uniform standards established by the governing board.
- (8) For the purpose of serving as a member of a precinct board for an election pursuant to Section 12302 of the Elections Code.
- (9) For the purpose of spending time with a member of the pupil's immediate family who is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined in Section 49701, and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or has immediately returned from, deployment to a combat zone or combat support position. Absences granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be granted for a period of time to be determined at the discretion of the superintendent of the school district.
- (10) For the purpose of attending the pupil's naturalization ceremony to become a United States citizen.
- (11) Authorized at the discretion of a school administrator, as described in subdivision (c) of Section 48260.
- (b) A pupil absent from school under this section shall be allowed to complete all assignments and tests missed during the absence that can be reasonably provided and, upon satisfactory completion within a reasonable period of time, shall be given full credit therefor. The teacher of the class from which a pupil is absent shall determine which tests and assignments shall be reasonably equivalent to, but not necessarily identical to, the tests and assignments that the pupil missed during the absence.
- (c) For purposes of this section, attendance at religious retreats shall not exceed four hours per semester.
- (d) Absences pursuant to this section are deemed to be absences in computing average daily attendance and shall not generate state apportionment payments.
- (e) "Immediate family," as used in this section, means the parent or guardian, brother or sister, grandparent, or any other relative living in the household of the pupil.

## **Know Your Educational Rights**

## Your Child has the Right to a Free Public Education

- All children in the United States have a Constitutional right to equal access to free public education, regardless of immigration status and regardless of the immigration status of the students' parents or guardians.
- In California:
- All children have the right to a free public education.
- All children ages 6 to 18 years must be enrolled in school.
- All students and staff have the right to attend safe, secure, and peaceful schools.
- All students have a right to be in a public school learning environment free from discrimination, harassment, bullying, violence, and intimidation.
- All students have equal opportunity to participate in any program or activity offered by the school, and cannot be discriminated against based on their race, nationality, gender, religion, or immigration status, among other characteristics.

## **Information Required for School Enrollment**

- When enrolling a child, schools must accept a variety of documents from the student's parent or guardian to demonstrate proof of child's age or residency.
- You never have to provide information about citizenship/immigration status to have your child enrolled in school. Also, you never have to provide a Social Security number to have your child enrolled in school.

## **Confidentiality of Personal Information**

- Federal and state laws protect student education records and personal information. These laws generally require that schools get written consent from parents or guardians before releasing student information, unless the release of information is for educational purposes, is already public, or is in response to a court order or subpoena.
- Some schools collect and provide publicly basic student "directory information." If they do, then each year, your child's school district must provide parents/guardians with written notice of the school's directory information policy, and let you know of your option to refuse release of your child's information in the directory.

## Family Safety Plans if You Are Detained or Deported

• You have the option to provide your child's school with emergency contact information, including the information of secondary contacts, to identify a trusted adult guardian who can care for your child in the event you are detained or deported. You have the option to complete a Caregiver's Authorization Affidavit or a Petition for Appointment of Temporary Guardian of the

Person, which may enable a trusted adult the authority to make educational and medical decisions for your child.

## Right to File a Complaint

• Your child has the right to report a hate crime or file a complaint to the school district if he or she is discriminated against, harassed, intimidated, or bullied on the basis of his or her actual or perceived nationality, ethnicity, or immigration status.



# IRVINE UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

### SEXUAL HARASSMENT - STUDENTS **BOARD POLICY - 5145.7**

The Board of Education is committed to maintaining a learning environment free from harassment, intimidation or insult, student-to-student or adult-to-student, on the basis of an individual's actual or perceived sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity or expression. Positive action will be taken when necessary to eliminate such practices or remedy their effects. Sexual harassment, as defined and otherwise prohibited by state and federal statutes, constitutes an unlawful form of sex discrimination in violation of Title IX of the Education Amendments Act of 1972 and Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. In addition, sexual harassment constitutes violation of the California Education Code, regulations of the State Board of Education, and District Policy. As such, sexual harassment may constitute just cause for discipline pursuant to applicable **Education Code Sections.** 

#### Definition

Sexual harassment consists of unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature. It includes, but is not limited to, circumstances in which:

- 1. submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a part of the academic environment;
- 2. submission to or rejection of such conduct by a student is used as the basis for grading, evaluation, or supervision decisions affecting a student; or
- 3. such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonable interference with a student's academic performance or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive learning environment.

#### Forms of Sexual Harassment

Forms of sexual harassment include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. verbal harassment: derogatory comments, jokes, or slurs;
- 2. physical harassment: unnecessary or offensive touching or impeding or blocking movement;
- 3. visual harassment: derogatory or offensive posters, cards, cartoons, graffiti, drawings or gestures; and
- 4. sexual favors: unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature.

Activities such as:

- comments repeatedly emphasizing the sexuality identity of an individual;
- persistent requests for social-sexual encounters and favors;
- physical contact of a lewd type;
- indecent exposure;
- realized sexual encounters

Constitute sexual harassment when they are accompanied by one or more of the following terms or conditions:

- 1. explicit or implicit promises of rewards for cooperation via misuse of institutional authority -- e.g., to affect a student's academic advancement, grades, graduation, etc.
- 2. explicit or implicit threats of punishment for non-cooperation via misuse of institutional authority -- e.g., to effect a student's academic advancement, grades, graduation, etc.
- 3. intimidation which creates a hostile or offensive academic environment; interferes with a student's scholastic performance; prevents a student's full enjoyment of education opportunities; or induces conformance, stress, anxiety, fear, or sickness on the part of the harassed student.

Implicit in the legal definition of sexual harassment is the assumption that sexual harassment prevents the realization of the victim's full potential as a student. A person sexually harassing a student is thus robbing the victim of the freedom to learn. Sexual harassment, then, is considered unethical and unsatisfactory, as well as illegal behavior.

#### **Resolution Process**

#### Informal Process:

To accommodate the unique nature of sexual harassment complaints, an informal process is provided for the primary purpose of resolution of a complaint at the earliest possible date. Elements of this process are:

- 1. The principal, an assistant principal, or a counselor may receive sexual harassment complaints from students and/or parents/guardians. The individual receiving the complaint will:
  - 1. counsel the student, outline the options available and, when parents/guardians have not been involved, inform them of the complaint and the procedures to be followed;
  - 2. obtain a factual written statement of the complaint and forward such to the Superintendent;
  - 3. assist in the follow-up investigation, as appropriate;
  - 4. make recommendations regarding the disposition of the complaint to the Superintendent or designee.
- 2. The Superintendent or designee will review the factual information collected to determine whether the alleged conduct constitutes sexual harassment, giving consideration to the record as a whole and the totality of

circumstances, and will take and/or authorize appropriate action in accordance with student disciplinary procedures

or due process requirements.

3. An effort will be made to protect the privacy of the parties involved in a complaint. Files which pertain to complaints

handled under the informal process shall be kept confidential and will not be made available to the public.

1. Formal Process:

If the complaint is not resolved to the satisfaction of the student or his/her parents in the informal process, the following

formal procedure is available:

1. The complaint shall be reduced to writing by the complainant and sent to the Superintendent within 10 working days

of the completion of the informal process.

2. The Superintendent shall investigate the complaint and respond within 10 working days after receipt of the

complaint.

Legal References:

Education Code Sections 200, 212.5, 230

Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964

Title IX of the Education Amendments Acts of 1972

Meritor Savings Bank v. Vinson, 477 U.S. 57, (1966)

Franklin v. Gwinett County Schools, 112 S.Ct 1028 (1992)

Policy Adopted: August 25, 1992

Policy Revised: January 12, 2016

## **Statewide Testing Notification**

California students take several mandated statewide tests. These tests provide parents/guardians, teachers, and educators with information about how well students are learning and becoming college and career ready. The test results may be used for local, state, and federal accountability purposes.

## The California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress (CAASPP) tests consist of the following:

#### Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium Assessments

The Smarter Balanced computer adaptive assessments are aligned with the Common Core State Standards (CCSS). English language arts/literacy (ELA) and mathematics tests are administered in grades three through eight and grade eleven to measure whether students are on track to college and career readiness. In grade eleven, results from the ELA and mathematics assessments can be used as an indicator of college readiness.

#### California Science Tests (CAST)

The computer-based CAST measures students' achievement of the California Next Generation Science Standards (CA NGSS) through the application of their knowledge and skills of the Science and Engineering Practices, Disciplinary Core Ideas, and Crosscutting Concepts. The CAST is administered to all students in grades five and eight and once in high school (i.e., grade eleven or twelve).

#### • California Alternate Assessments (CAAs)

Only eligible students—students whose individualized education program (IEP) identifies the use of alternate assessments—may participate in the administration of the CAAs. Test examiners administer the computer-based CAAs for ELA, mathematics, and science one-on-one to students. Students in grades three through eight and grade eleven will take the CAA for ELA and mathematics. Test items developed for ELA and mathematics are aligned with the CCSS and are based on the Core Content Connectors.

Students in grades five and eight and once in high school (i.e., grade eleven or twelve) will take the CAA for Science. The CAA for Science embedded performance tasks are based on alternate achievement standards derived from the CA NGSS.

Pursuant to California *Education Code* Section 60615, parents/guardians may annually submit to the school a written request to excuse their child from any or all of the CAASPP assessments.

### **English Language Proficiency Assessments for California**

The ELPAC is aligned with the 2012 California English Language Development Standards. It consists of two separate English Language Proficiency (ELP) assessments: one for the initial identification of students as English learners and the other for the annual summative assessment to measure their progress in learning English.

### **Physical Fitness Test**

The physical fitness test for students in California schools is the FitnessGram<sup>®</sup>. The main goal of the test is to help students in starting lifelong habits of regular physical activity. Students in grades five, seven, and nine take the fitness test.

California Department of Education | August 2018

#### NOTICE OF ALTERNATIVE SCHOOLS

#### California Education Code Section 58501

The following notice must be sent along with the Notification to Parents and Guardians required by EC § 48980. Further, a copy shall be posted in at least two places normally visible to pupils, teachers, and visiting parents in each attendance unit for the entire month of March in each year.

California state law authorizes all school districts to provide for alternative schools. Section 58500 of the Education Code defines alternative school as a school or separate class group within a school which is operated in a manner designed to:

- (a) Maximize the opportunity for students to develop the positive values of self-reliance, initiative, kindness, spontaneity, resourcefulness, courage, creativity, responsibility, and joy.
- (b) Recognize that the best learning takes place when the student learns because of his/her desire to learn.
- (c) Maintain a learning situation maximizing student self-motivation and encouraging the student in his/her own time to follow his/her own interests. These interests may be conceived by him/her totally and independently or may result in whole or part from a presentation by his/her teachers of choices of learning projects.
- (d) Maximize the opportunity for teachers, parents, and students to cooperatively develop the learning process and its subject matter. This opportunity shall be a continuous, permanent process.
- (e) Maximize the opportunity for the students, teachers, and parents to continuously react to the changing world, including but not limited to the community in which the school is located.

In the event any parent, pupil, or teacher is interested in further information concerning alternative schools, the county superintendent of schools, the administrative office of this district, and the principal's office in each attendance unit have copies of the law available <u>for your information</u>. This law particularly authorizes interested persons to request the governing board of the district to establish alternative school programs in each district.